CMA

Santa Ynez River Valley Groundwater Basin
Central Management Area
Groundwater Sustainability Agency

August 23 2021
GSA 2021 Quarter 3 Meeting
Draft Groundwater Sustainability Plan

STETSON ENGINEERS INC.

DUDEK

Geosyntec consultants

engineers | scientists | innovators

Housekeeping

- Recording the meeting for the purpose of capturing public feedback
- Recording can be made available upon request
- Opportunities for public feedback and questions throughout the workshop
- Public comments should be submitted to the website:

www.santaynezwater.org

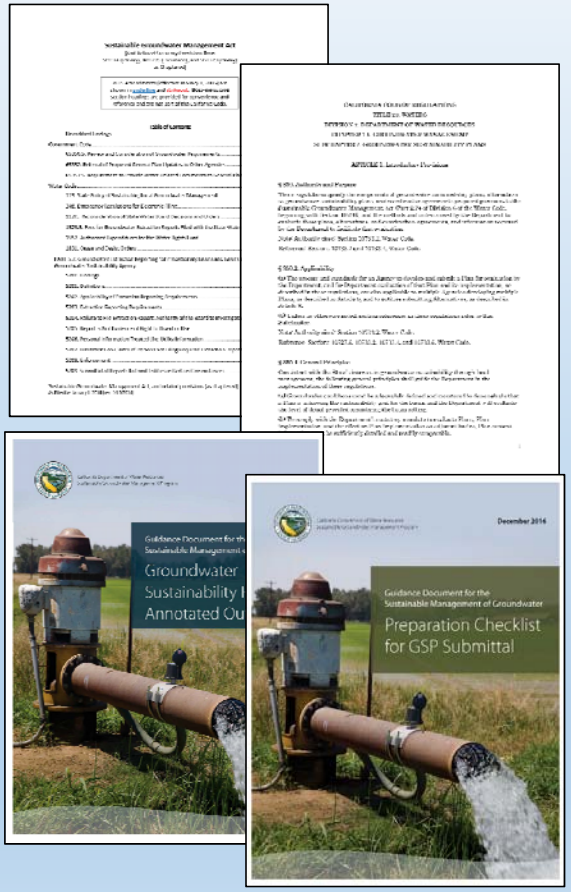
- Slide numbers in lower right

Agenda

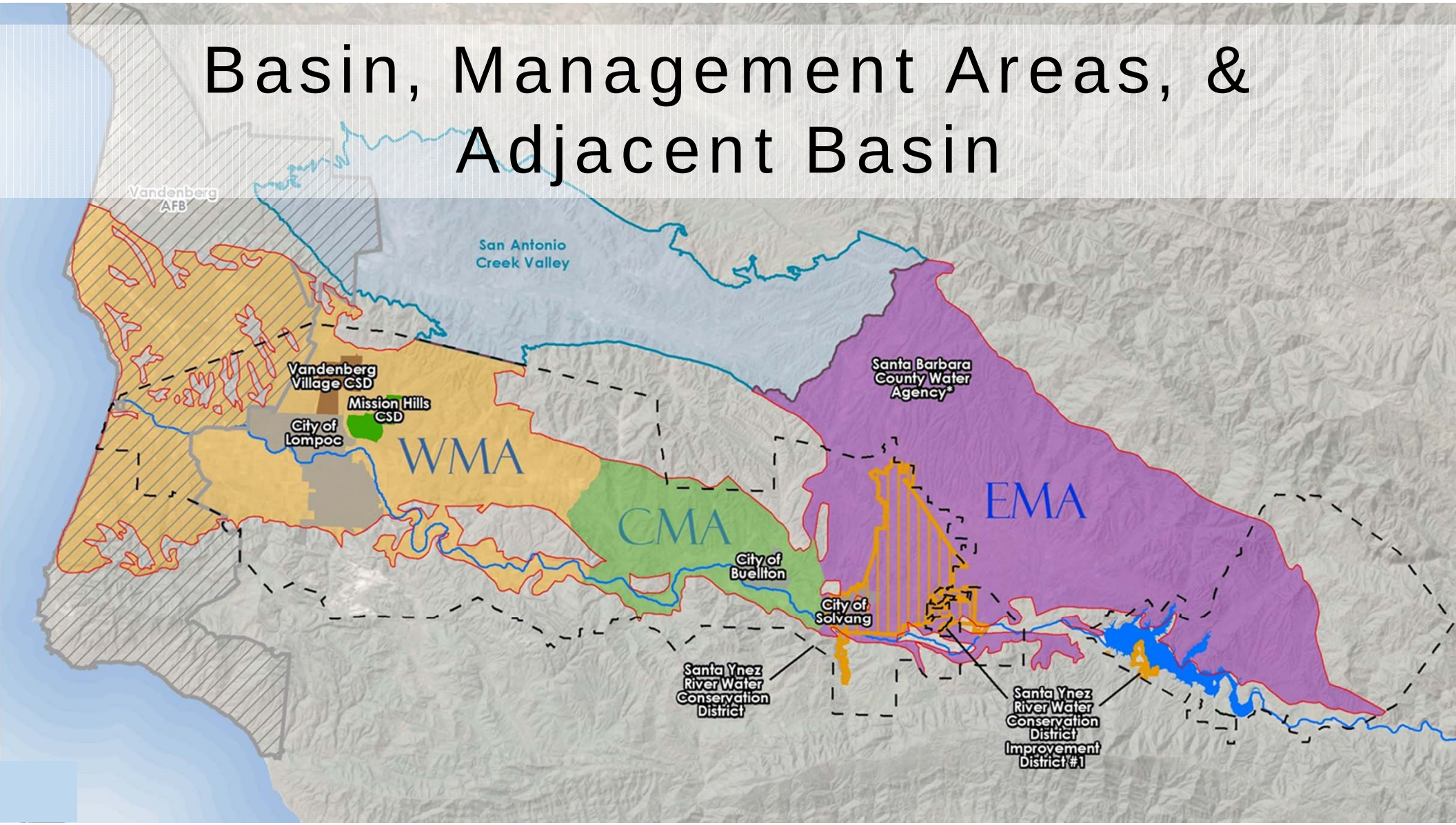
1. Draft GSP Document
    a. Overview of GSP
    b. GSP Chapters and Sections
        a. Overview
        b. Changes since last discussed
2. Way Ahead/ Schedule

SGMA Background

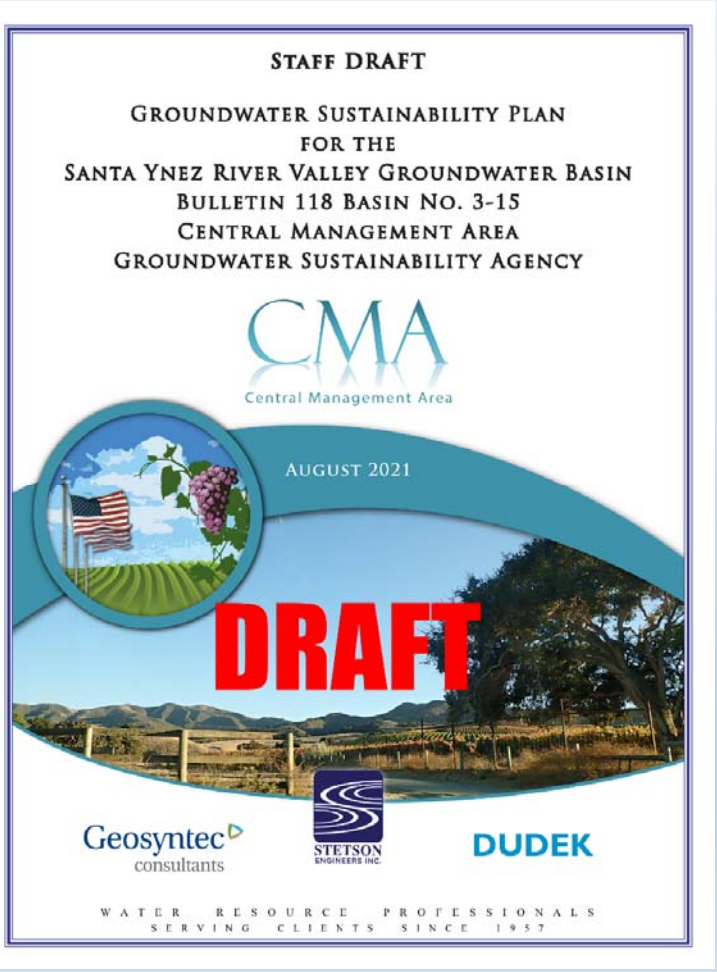
- 2015 SGMA law went into effect
- SYRVGW Basin is “medium priority”
- Basin must be sustainable in 20 years
- SGMA gives local control of water management
- Each GSA will prepare a Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP) and submit to DWR by January 2022
- State Water Board is enforcement if locals do not comply
- New law was in response to periodic droughts in California



Basin, Management Areas, & Adjacent Basin



Staff Draft CMA GSP Statistics



Part	Pages
Document	387
Figures	85
Appendix*	421
Total	893

*Pending items

158 citations
(some duplicates in multiple sections)

GSP Document Sections

Executive Summary

1 Introduction

2 Basin Setting

3 Monitoring Network and Sustainable Groundwater Management Criteria

4 Project and Management Actions

5 Implementation

6 References

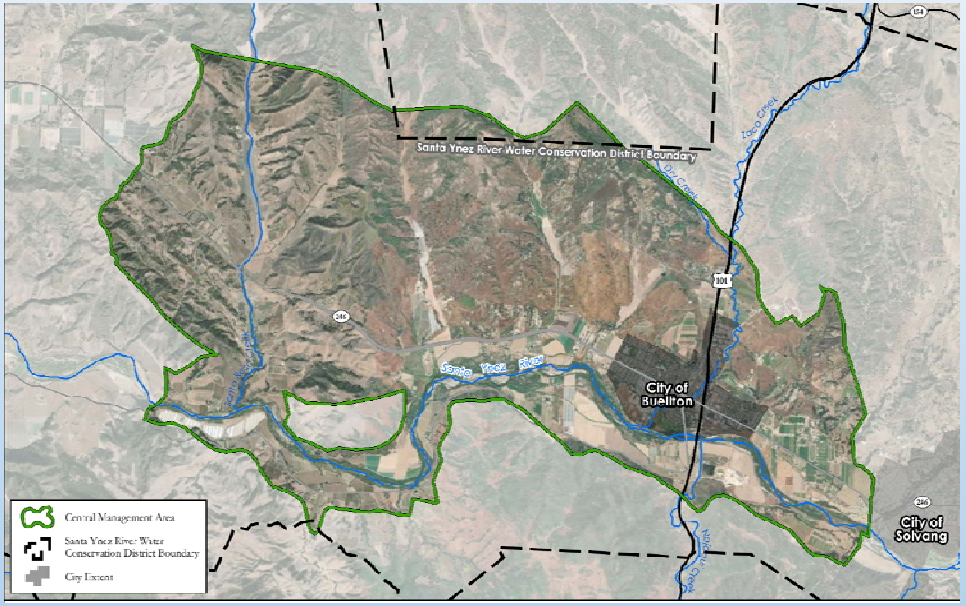
7 Appendices

Executive Summary

- One Principal Aquifer- Buellton Aquifer
- Minimum thresholds were developed for each SGMA sustainability criteria. Current groundwater conditions are sustainable with no undesirable results
- Monitoring Network was established
- Historical, current, and future water budgets were developed
  - Growth
  - Climate change
  - Sustainable yield estimated at 2,800 afy
- Projects and management actions
  - Maintain and improve groundwater conditions
  - Reduce demand up to 20% with water conservation, well meters, and groundwater extraction fees

GSP Chapter 1:

Introduction and Plan Area
(details required for SGMA Regulations)



1a Introduction

- Introduces SGMA
- Purpose of Plan
- Introduces the CMA
  - GSA Member Agencies
  - WMA/CMA/EMA division
  - Contact

1b Administrative Information

- Formation Process
- Governance
- Legal Authority & Limits

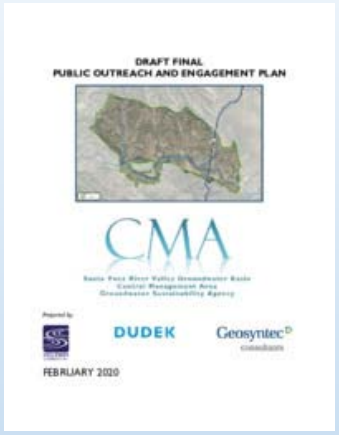
Ref: 23 CCR § 354.6

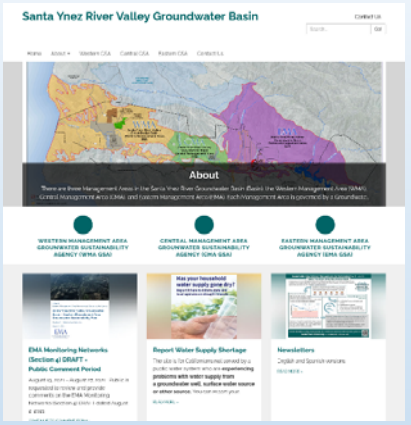
Sustainability Goal

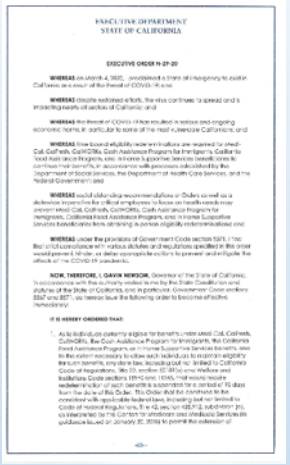
"The sustainability goal for the Santa Ynez River Valley Groundwater Basin is to sustainably manage the groundwater resources in the Western, Central, and Eastern Management Areas for current and future beneficial users of groundwater. The absence of undesirable results, defined as significant and unreasonable effects of groundwater conditions, throughout the planning horizon will indicate that the sustainability goal has been achieved."

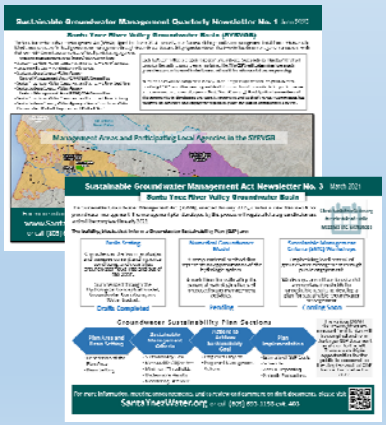
1c Notices And Communication

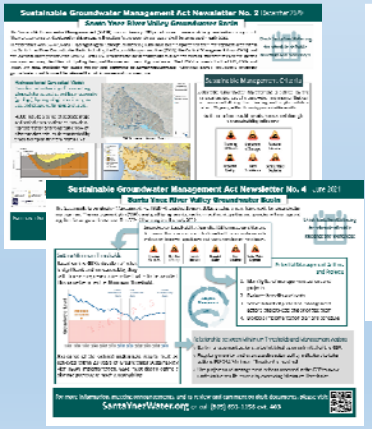
- Lists GSA Meetings
- Compliance with Brown act during COVID-19 pandemic
- Outreach and Engagement Plan*
- Stakeholder Categories and Identification
- Citizen Advisory Group
- Newsletters and Press Releases
- Communication Website (SantaYnezWater.Org)

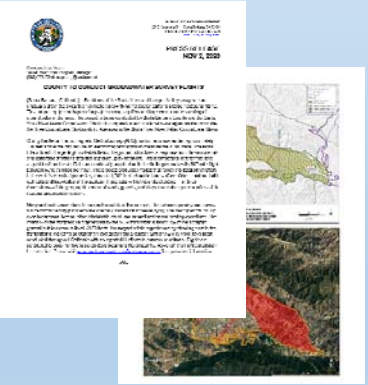












*Provided to public in both draft and draft final versions

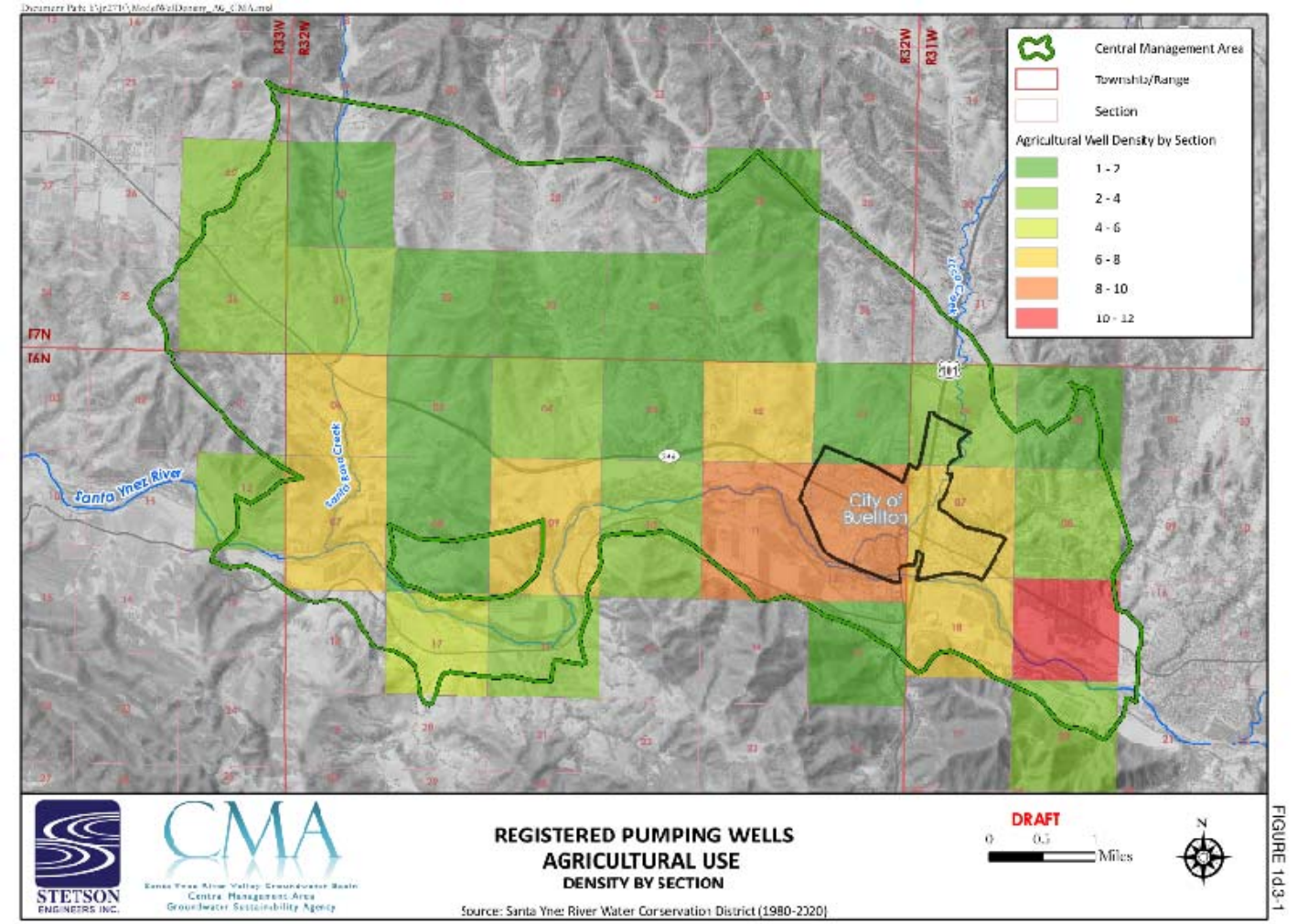
GSA Meetings:

July 2019 – Outreach and Communication Draft released

February 2020 – Draft Final released

Ref: 23 CCR § 354.10

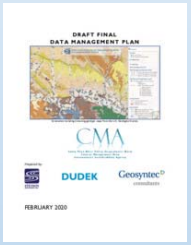
1d.3 Plan Area Well Density



Ref: 23 CCR § 354.8(a)(5)

1e Additional GSP Elements – Data Management System

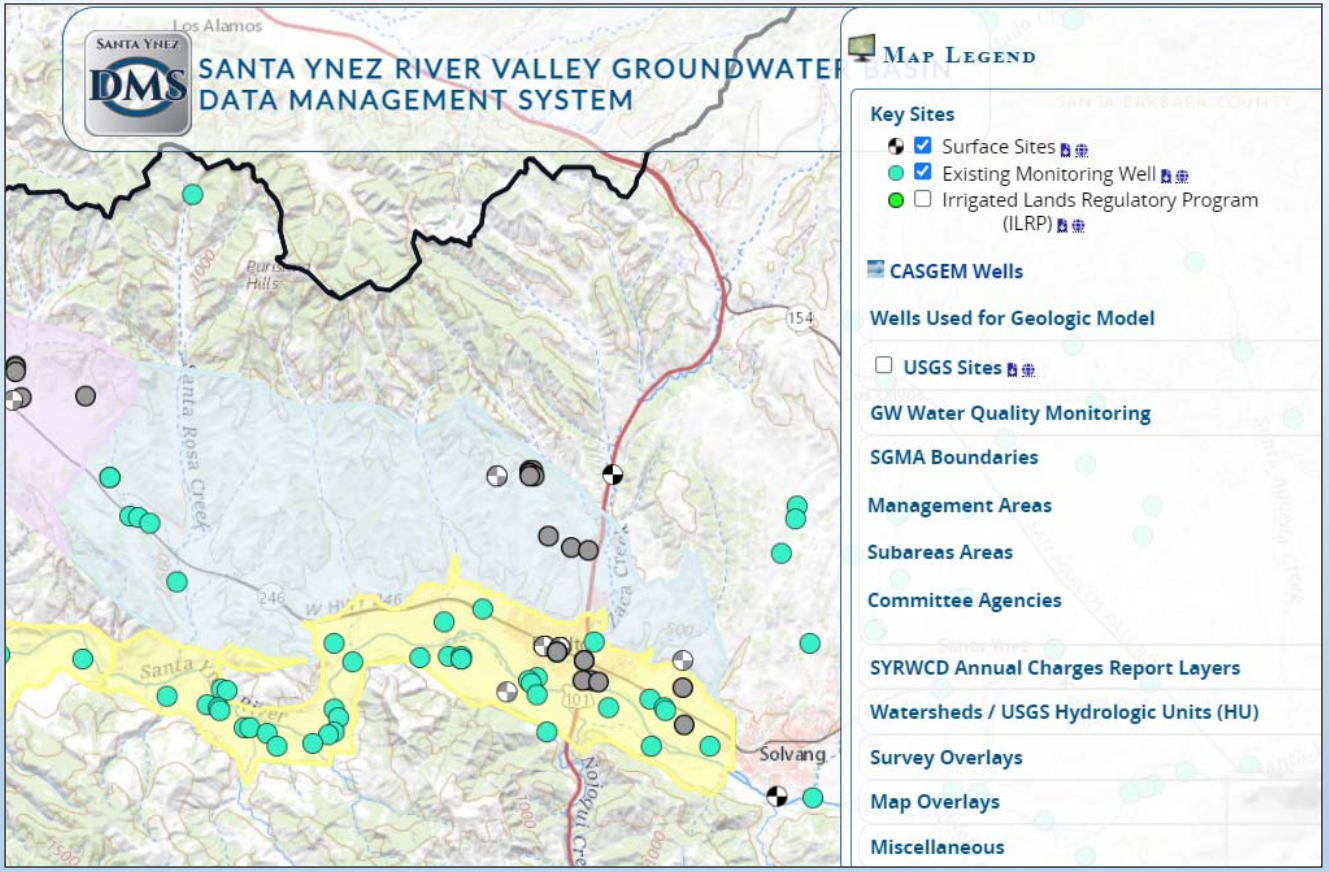
Documents the use of the data management system



DMP and Data Memo

GSA Meetings:

September 2019 – Draft Data Management Plan (DMP) released
October 2019 – Consultant Update
February 2020 – Draft Final DMP Released
May 2020 – Phase I TM Introduced
August 2020 – Phase I TM Release



DMS Screenshots (Aug 2021)

Ref: 23 CCR § 352.6

Chapter 2: Basin Setting

Previously these were provided to public as stand-alone draft documents.

Characterizes the groundwater system:

2a. Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model

Geology, Aquifers, Hydrologic Components, Users and Uses of water

2b. Groundwater Conditions

Current/recent status related to SGMA sustainability indicators

2c. Water Budget

Flows through basin: historical, current, and future projections

Notable edits to Basin Settings

Principal Aquifers and Aquitards
- Perched water not administered under SGMA.
- Subflow water in Santa Ynez River alluvium considered surface water administered by SWRCB.

Hydrologic Characteristics
- Added discussion of precipitation including supporting figures showing isohyetal, and cumulative departure from mean. Added table and figure summarizing imported water quantity and quality.

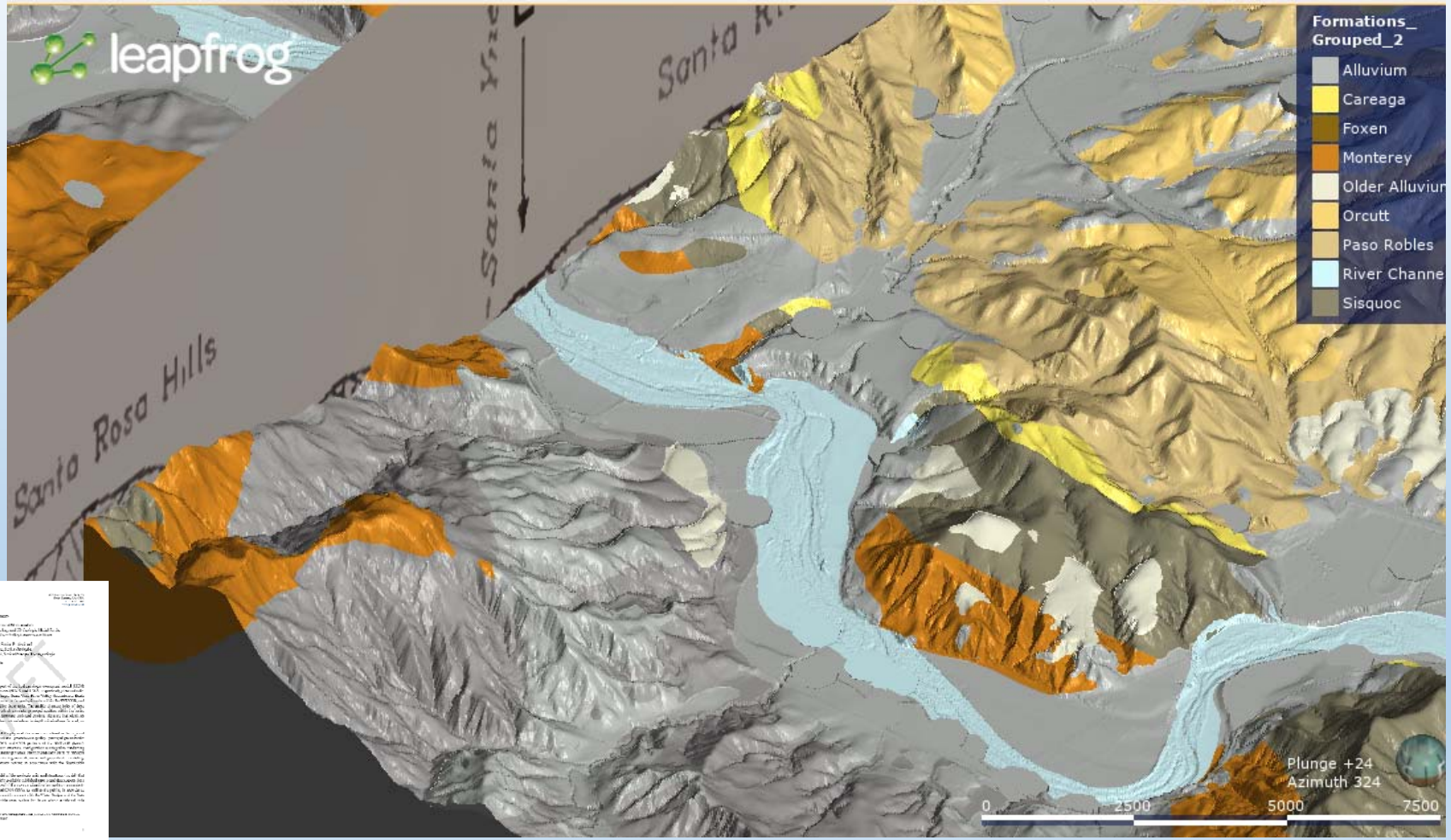
Uses and Users of Groundwater
- Expanded agricultural use discussion including added table summarizing agricultural land use by crop type. Expanded discussion of potential industrial use including map showing oil and gas well locations.

Groundwater and Land Subsidence Data
- Water level and water quality hydrographs updated through Spring 2021
- Added discussion of USGS continuous global positioning system (CGPS) station.

Interconnected Surface Water and Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems
- New expanded discussion of GDE screening. Expanded discussion of endangered and threatened species.

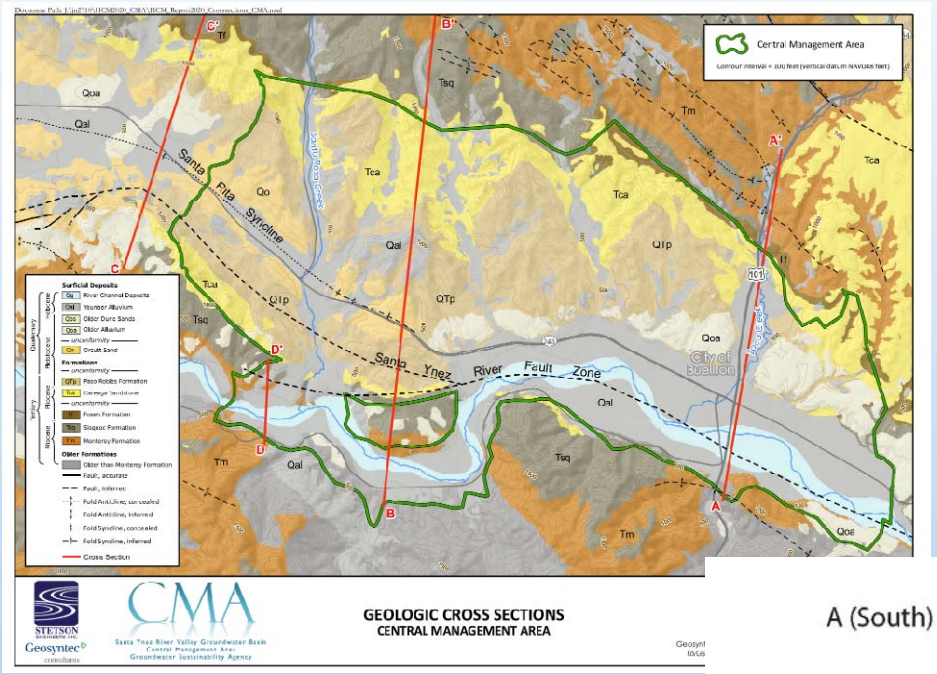
Water Budget
- Updated future demand and supply projections.

Geologic Model

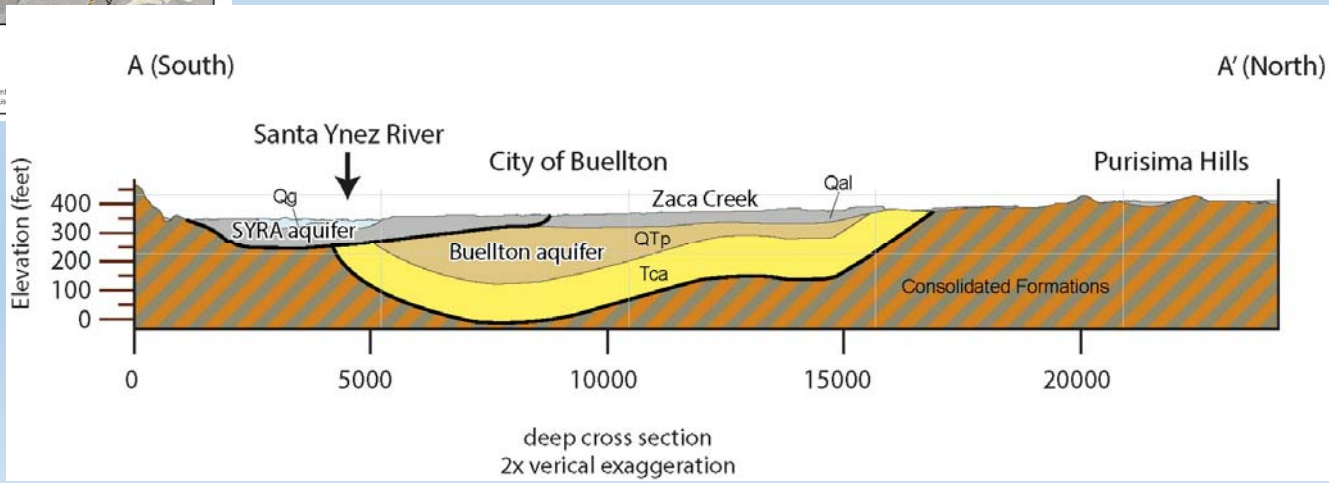


Geosyntec (May 2020)

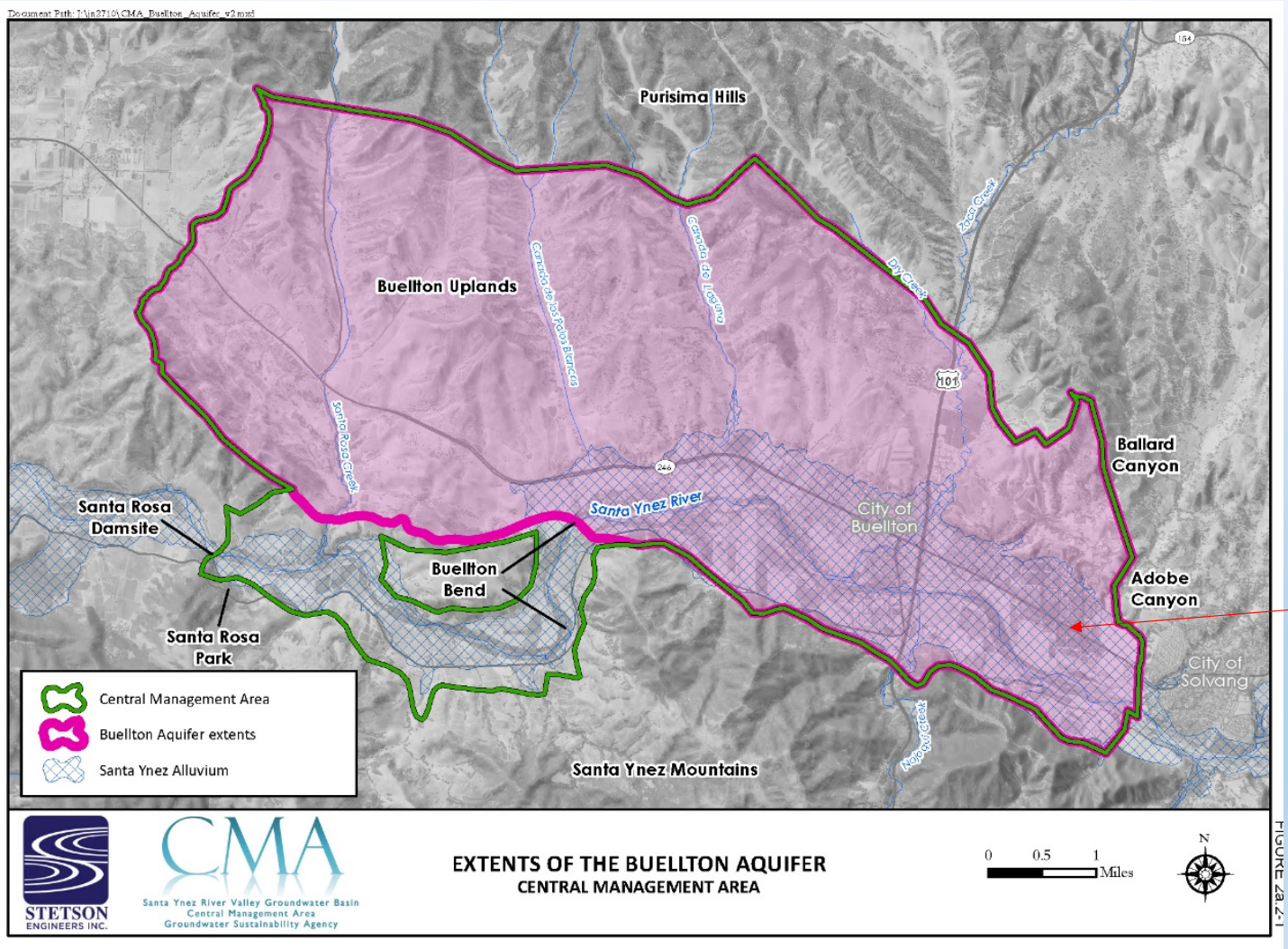
2a.1 Geology of the Central Management Area



Introduction and overview of the geology. This includes a description of the regional geologic structural setting, relevant geologic units, surface geologic mapping, and major structural features. A three-dimensional geologic model was developed for the Basin, and cross-sections developed from this model are provided.



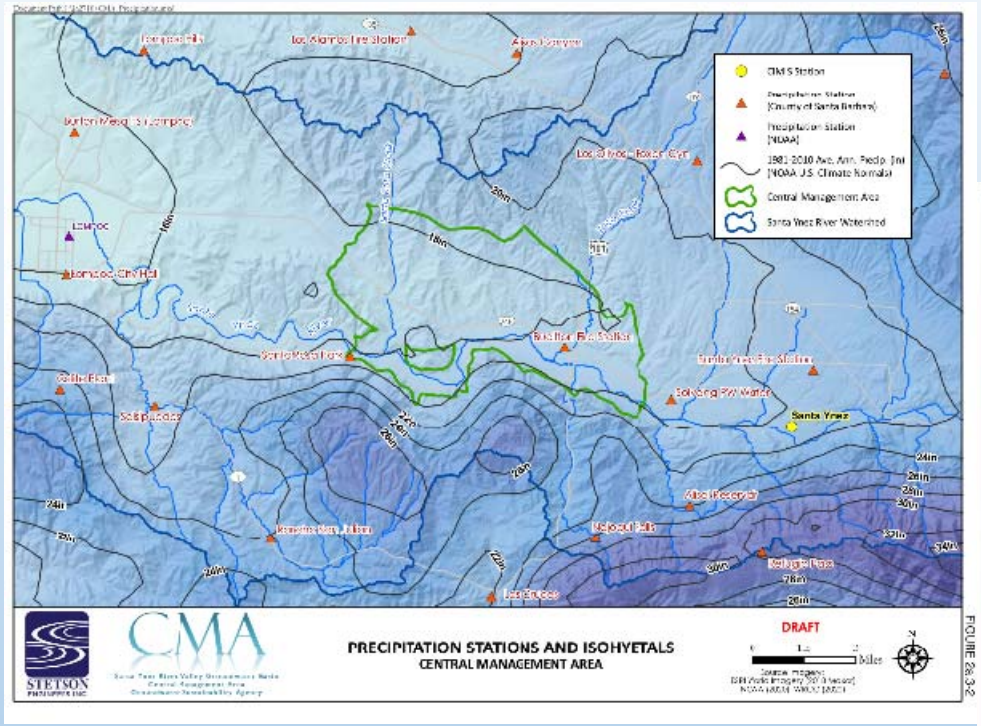
2a.2 Principal Aquifers and Aquitards



Discussion of geologic units corresponding to aquifers, including the three-dimensional Basin boundaries (lateral and basal boundaries). The physical characteristics of the aquifers in each subarea are summarized.

Occurrence and depth of Buellton Aquifer underneath Santa Ynez Alluvium will be verified and refined with results of aerial geophysical study (SkyTem).

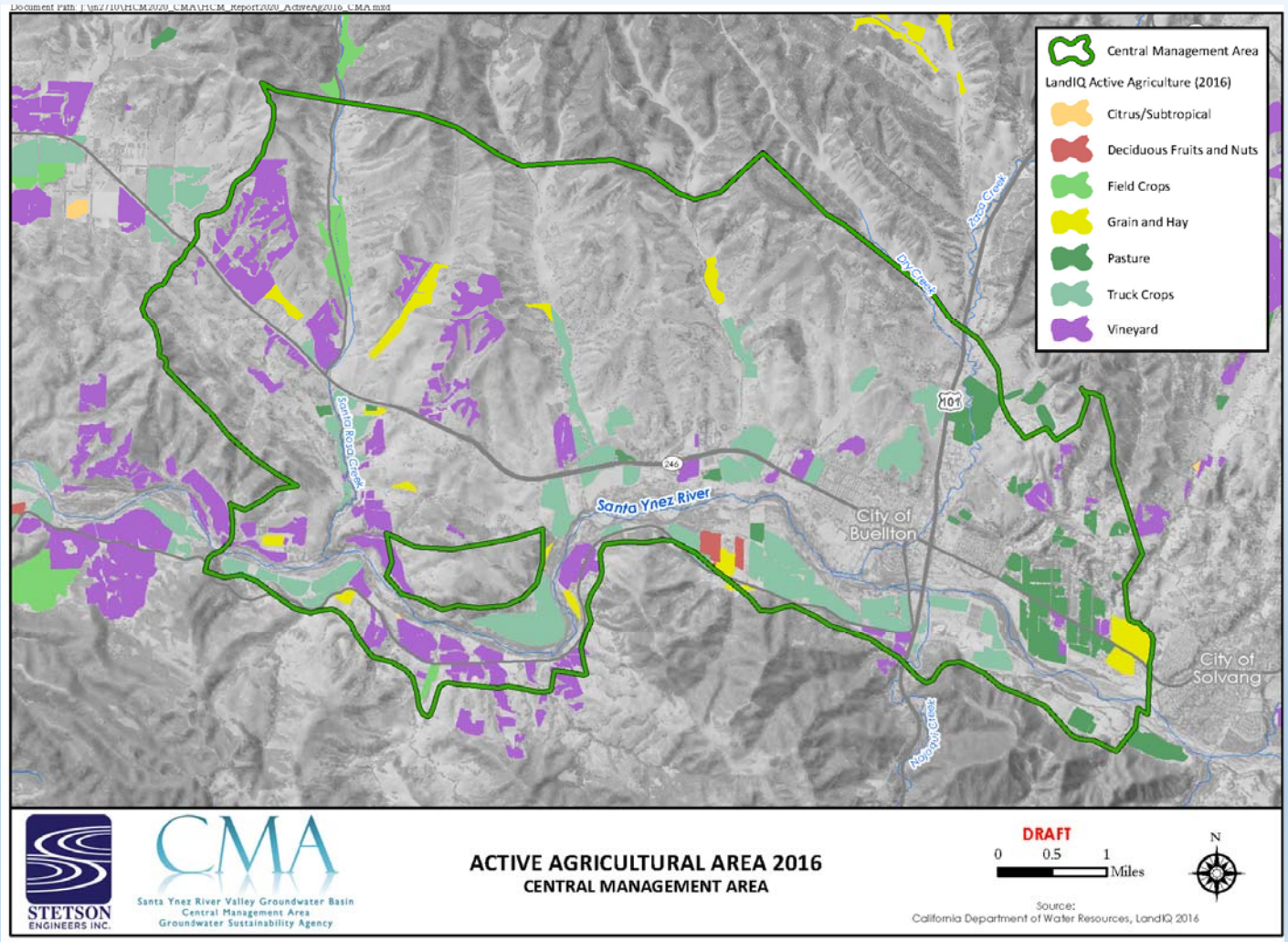
2a.4 Hydrologic Characteristics



Physical surface conditions that interact with the groundwater.

2a.4 Uses and Users of Groundwater

Describes uses and potential uses of groundwater or surface water.



2b. Groundwater Conditions

DRAFT TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

INTRODUCTION

Previously provided to public as a stand-alone draft document.

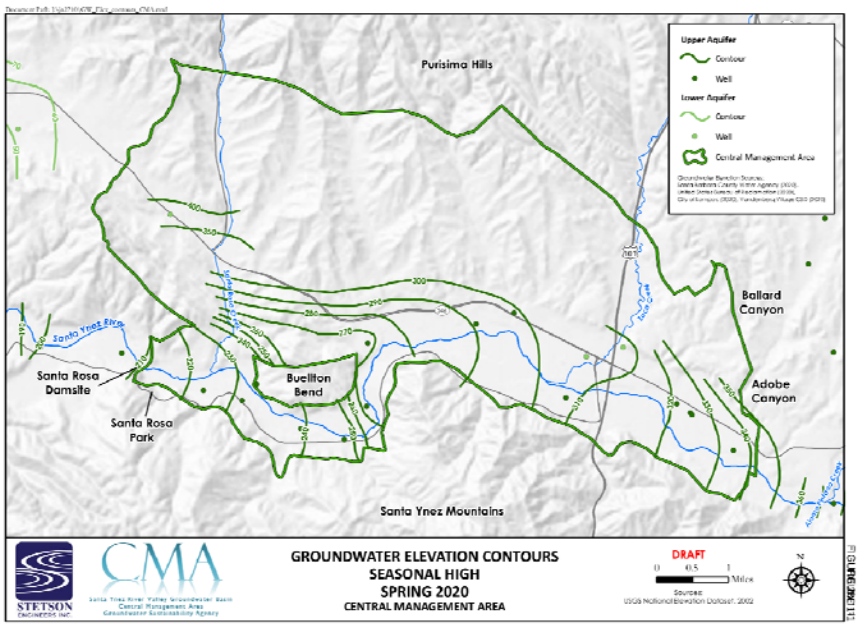
- **2b.1 Groundwater Elevation**
- **2b.2 Groundwater Storage**
- **2b.3 Water Quality**
- **2b.4 Seawater Intrusion**
- **2b.5 Land Subsidence**
- **2b.6 Interconnected Surface Water and Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems**

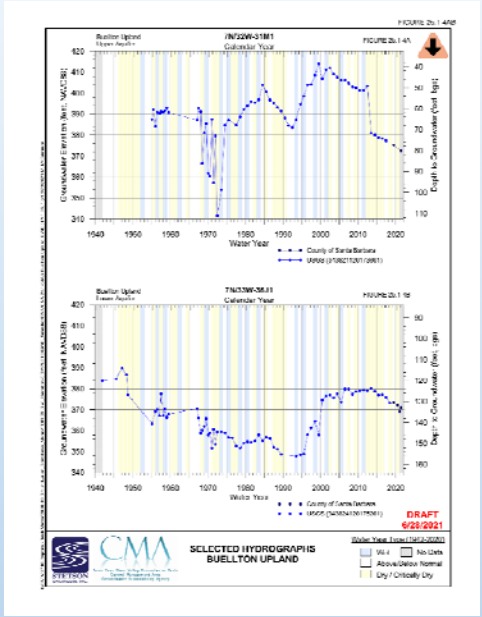
GSA Meetings:
November 2020 – Groundwater Conditions Workshop
January 2021 – Groundwater Conditions, supplemental items

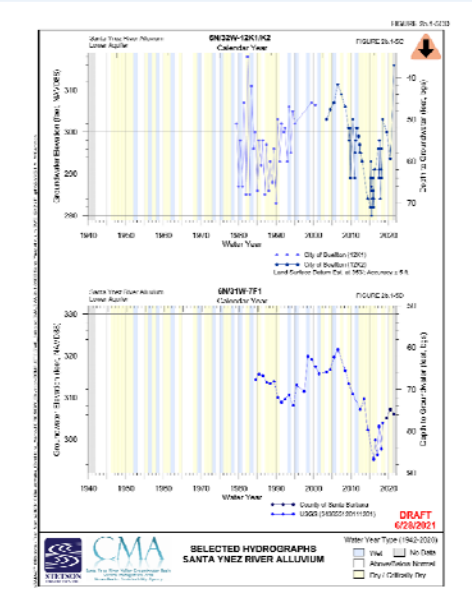
Ref: 23 CCR § 354.16

2b.1 Groundwater Elevation

Hydrographs, groundwater flow directions and maps, lateral and vertical groundwater gradients, regional groundwater pumping patterns, and changes in groundwater elevations over time.



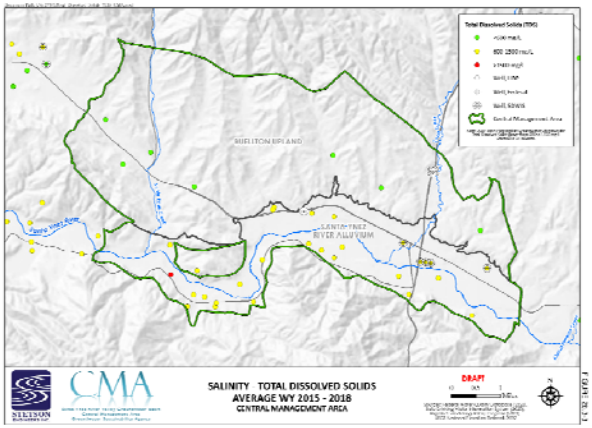


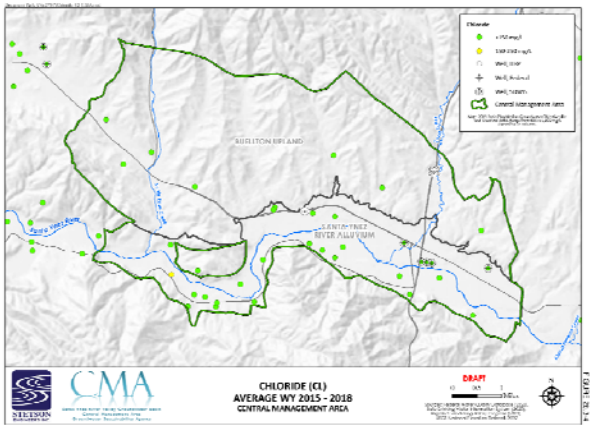


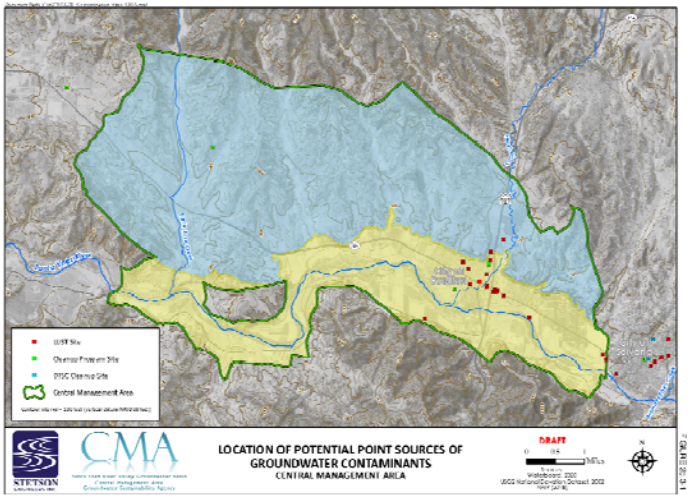
Selected Figures

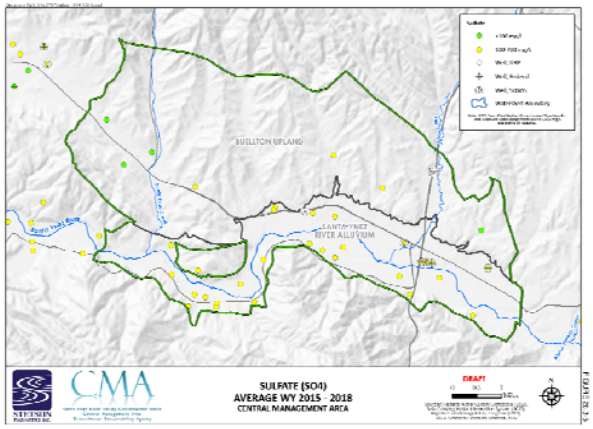
2b.3 Water Quality

Beneficial uses, suitability, groundwater contamination sites and plumes, major water quality for six components identified in the Basin Plan.





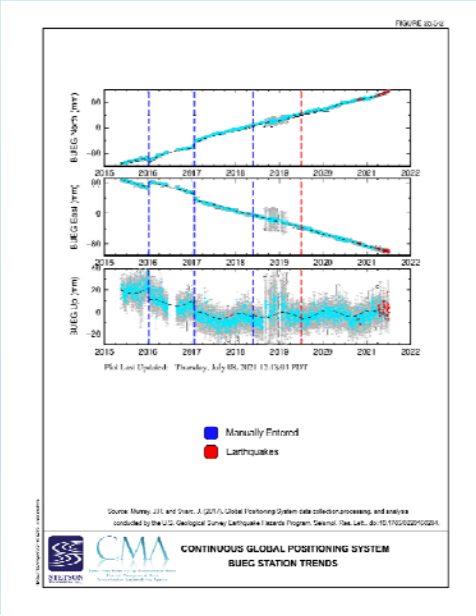


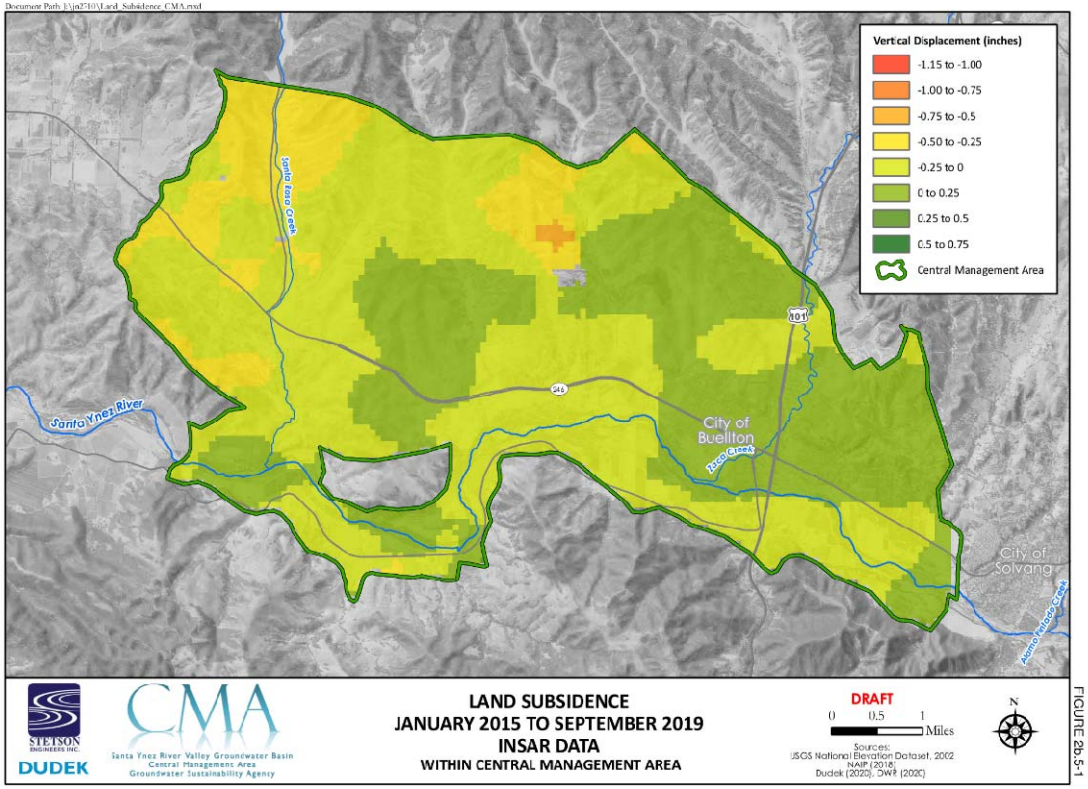


Selected Figures

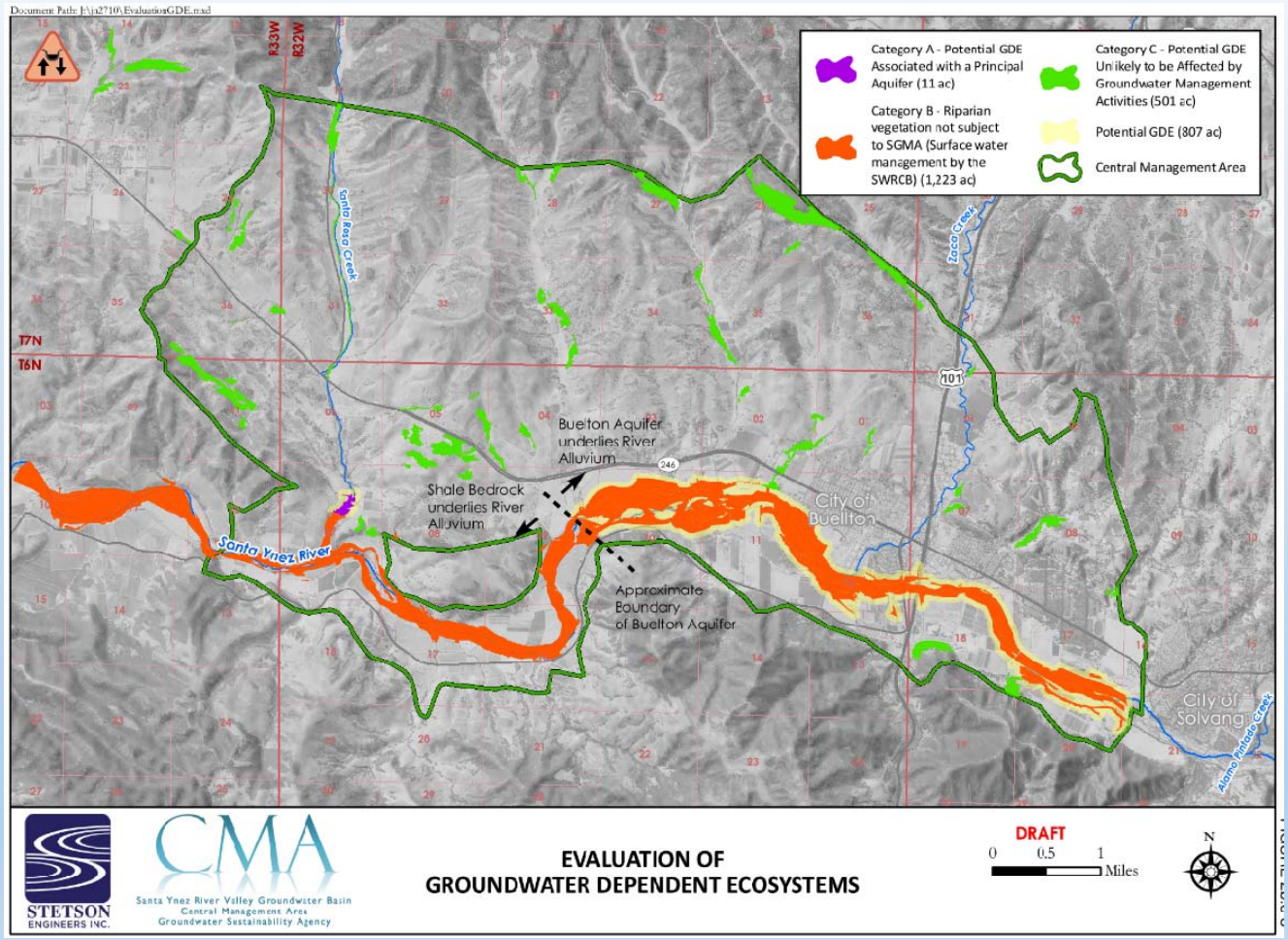
2b.5 Land Subsidence

Unlikely due to the geologic setting of the CMA and the nature of the aquifer. Additionally, historical infrastructure records do not indicate land subsidence. Recent remote sensing data provided by DWR from 2015 – present show very little change in land surface elevation.

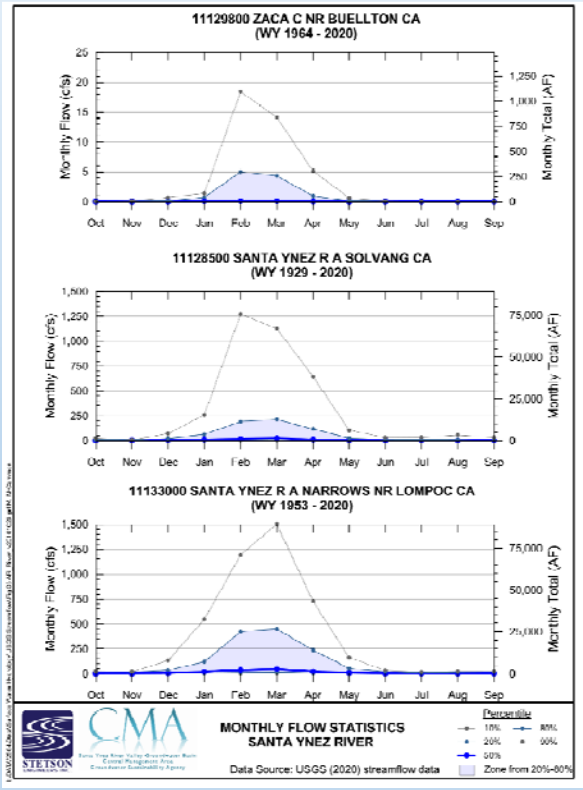




2b.6 Interconnected Surface Water and Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems



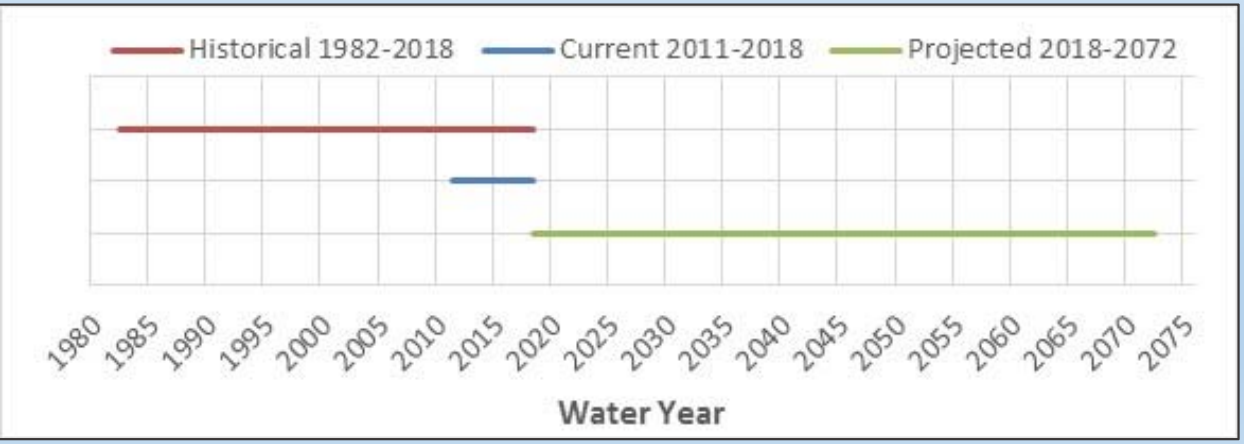
Identifies perennial/ephemeral surface flows, potential GDEs that are disconnected from groundwater.



2c. Water Budget

- 2c.1 Water Budget Elements
- 2c.2 Historical Water Budget
- 2c.3 Current Water Budget
- 2c.4 Projected Water Budget

Key GSA Meetings: January, February, & March 2021



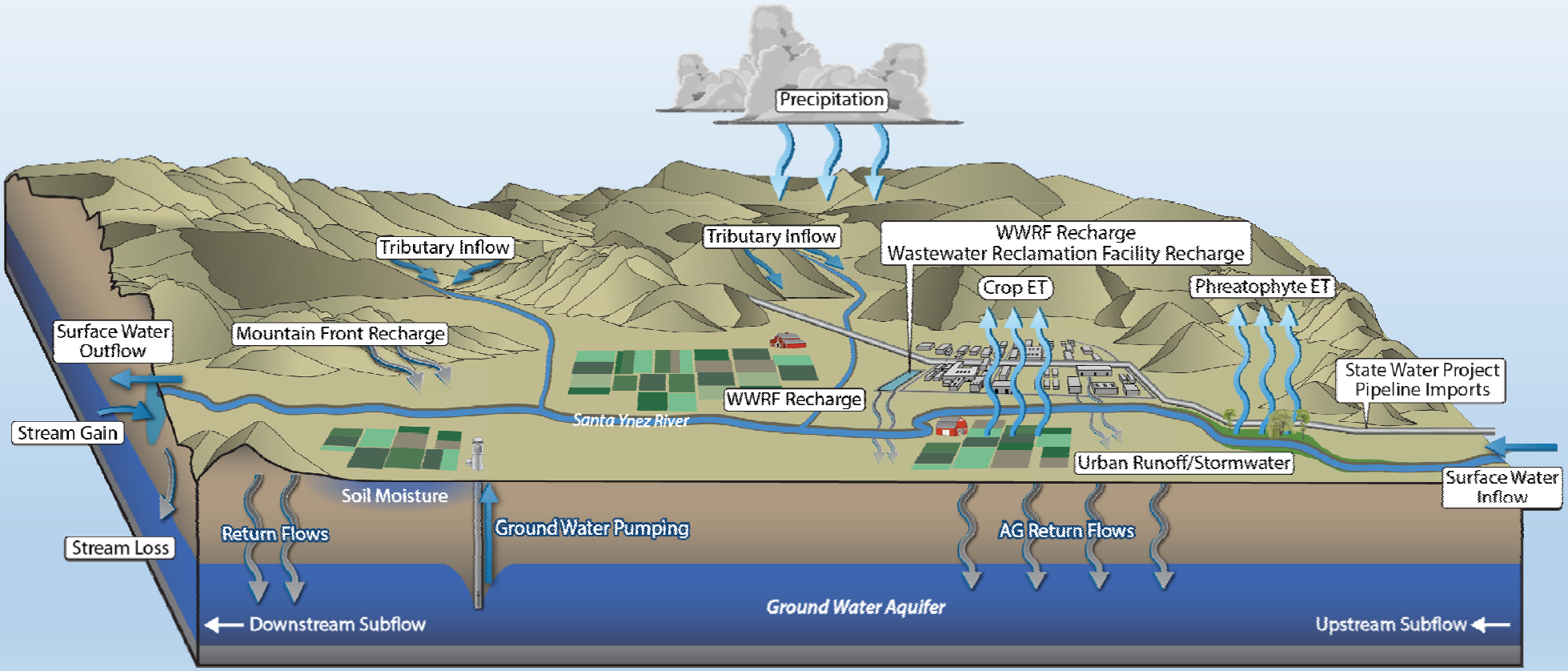
Time Periods

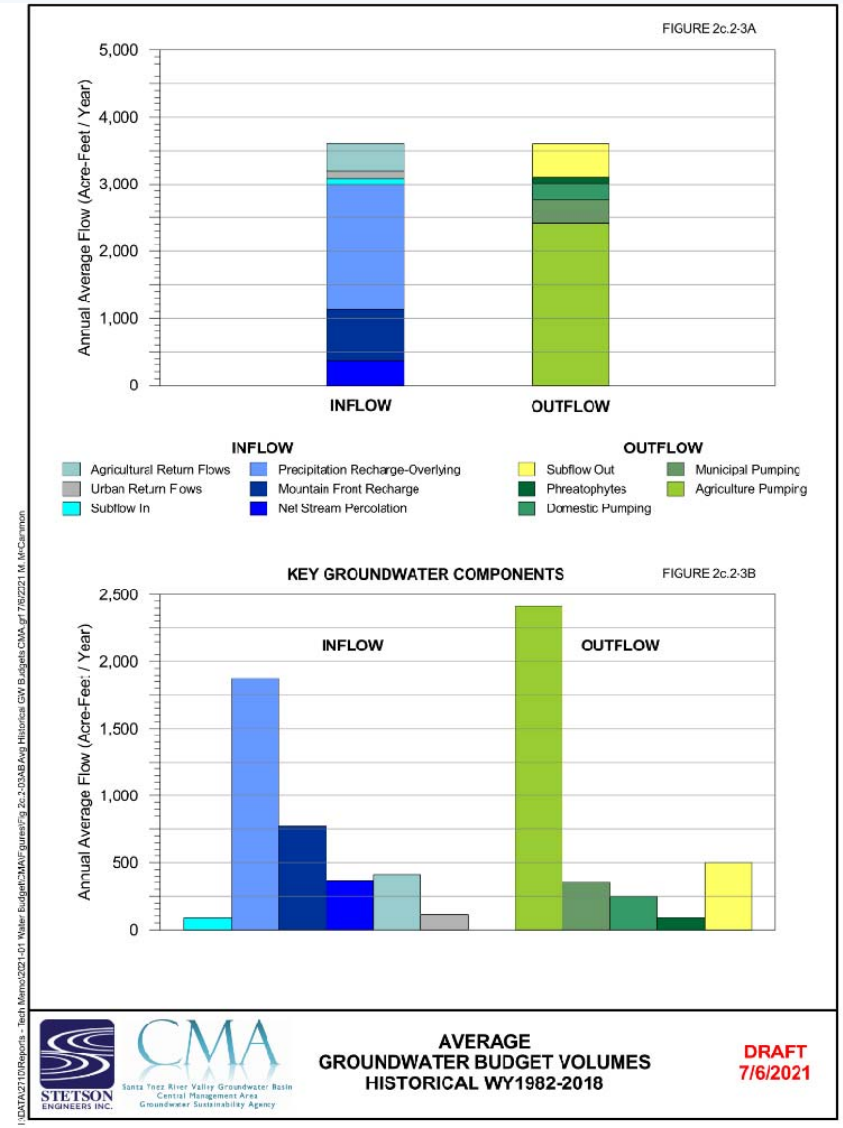
			Hydrologic Year Type Classification [1]		
	Buellton Fire Station		CMA	Upper Santa Ynez River	
Water Year	Precipitation (in/year)	% of Average [2]	USGS Gage 11132500 (Salsipuedes Creek)	SWRCB WRO 2019-148	Climatic Trends [3]
1982	14.4	86%	Dry	Below normal	Wet
1983	38.8	233%	Wet	Wet	Wet
1984	10.0	60%	Below normal	Above normal	Dry
1985	12.2	74%	Dry	Dry	Dry
1986	19.3	116%	Above normal	Above normal	Dry
1987	11.2	67%	Dry	Critical	Dry
1988	17.3	104%	Dry	Dry	Dry
1989	7.3	44%	Critical	Critical	Dry
1990	6.7	40%	Critical	Critical	Dry
1991	17.9	107%	Below normal	Above normal	Dry
1992	27.1	163%	Above normal	Wet	Wet
1993	27.4	165%	Wet	Wet	Wet
1994	12.6	76%	Below normal	Below normal	Wet
1995	34.3	206%	Wet	Wet	Wet
1996	13.3	80%	Below normal	Below normal	Wet
1997	13.5	81%	Above normal	Above normal	Wet
1998	40.9	246%	Wet	Wet	Wet
1999	14.5	87%	Above normal	Below normal	Normal
2000	18.4	111%	Above normal	Above normal	Normal
2001	28.4	171%	Wet	Wet	Normal
2002	8.5	51%	Dry	Dry	Normal
2003	17.5	105%	Below normal	Below normal	Normal
2004	9.4	57%	Dry	Dry	Normal
2005	39.6	238%	Wet	Wet	Normal
2006	19.2	115%	Above normal	Above normal	Normal
2007	7.0	42%	Critical	Critical	Normal
2008	19.3	116%	Above normal	Above normal	Normal
2009	10.8	65%	Critical	Dry	Normal
2010	18.5	111%	Below normal	Above normal	Normal
2011	21.4	129%	Wet	Wet	Normal
2012	11.4	68%	Dry	Dry	Dry
2013	7.8	47%	Critical	Critical	Dry
2014	5.9	35%	Critical	Critical	Dry
2015	7.0	42%	Critical	Critical	Dry
2016	10.7	64%	Critical	Dry	Dry
2017	20.4	122%	Above normal	Above normal	Normal
2018	7.9	48%	Critical	Dry	Normal

Water Year Type

Ref: 23 CCR § 354.18

2c.1 Water Budget Elements

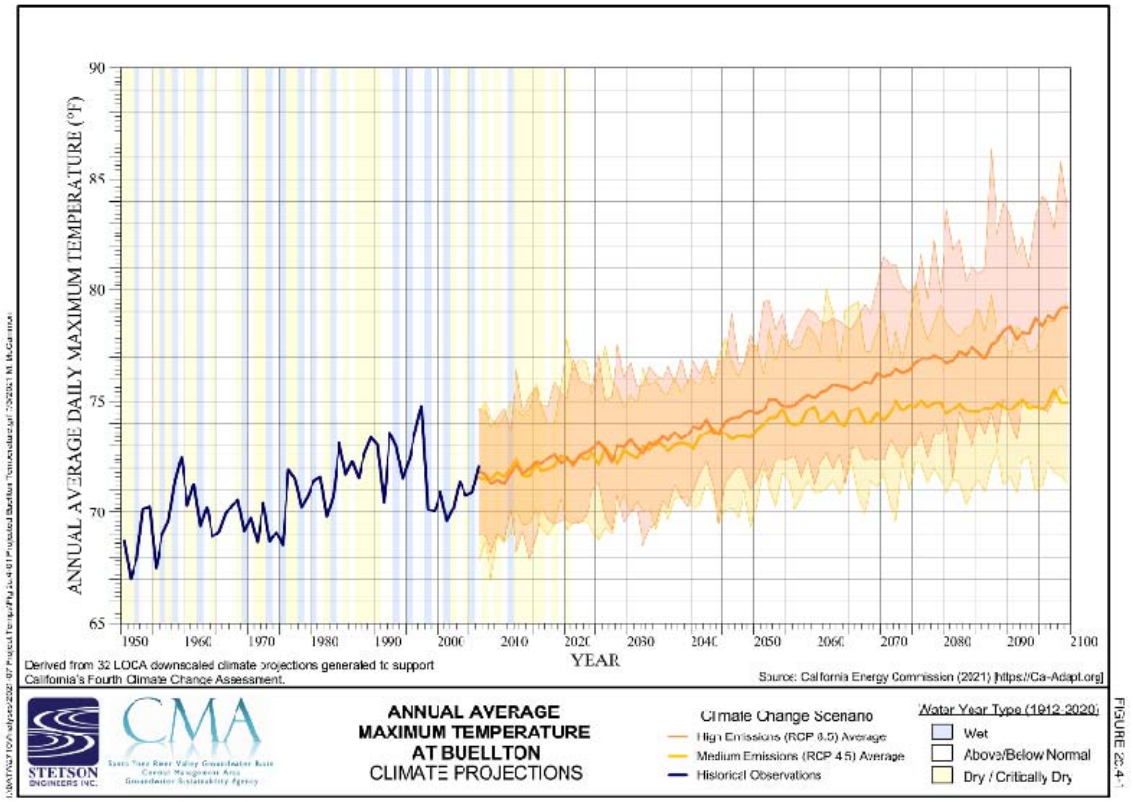




2c.2 Historical Water Budget

- 1982 – 2018 Balanced Hydrologic Period (37 years)
  - Average Inflows = Average Outflows
- Annual groundwater production within the CMA is within 10% of the estimated sustainable yield of the CMA Basin (2,800 AFY)
- Current water demands of 3,000 AFY about 200 AFY higher than sustainable yield

2c.4 Projected Water Budget



2018-2072

- Temperatures estimated to rise by 3 to 7° Fahrenheit between 2020 and 2070
- CMA groundwater demands projected to increase from 3,000 AFY to 3,300 AFY by 2070. Total water budget indicates deficit of about 600 AFY by 2070 if no actions are taken to remedy.

Chapter 3: Monitoring Networks and Sustainable Management Criteria

Quantitively measure un-sustainability/sustainability:

3a. Monitoring Networks

Existing Networks, Recommended Monitoring Networks

3b. Sustainable Management Criteria

Sustainability goals, Undesirable Results, Minimum Thresholds, and Measurable Objectives

Notable edits to Chapter 3 since public draft:

Reordering of Section- Monitoring Network moved prior to Sustainable Management Criteria

3a. Monitoring Networks

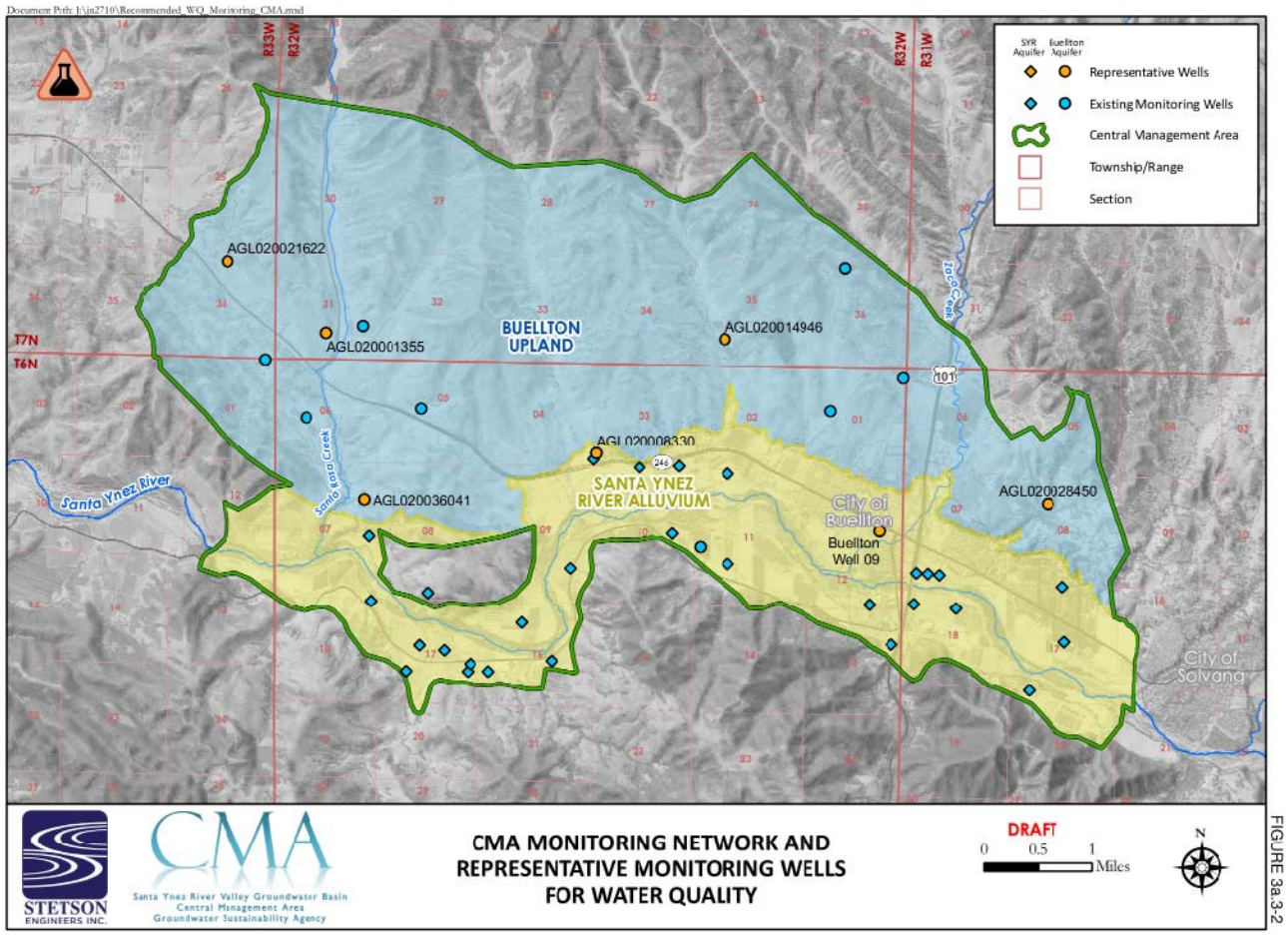
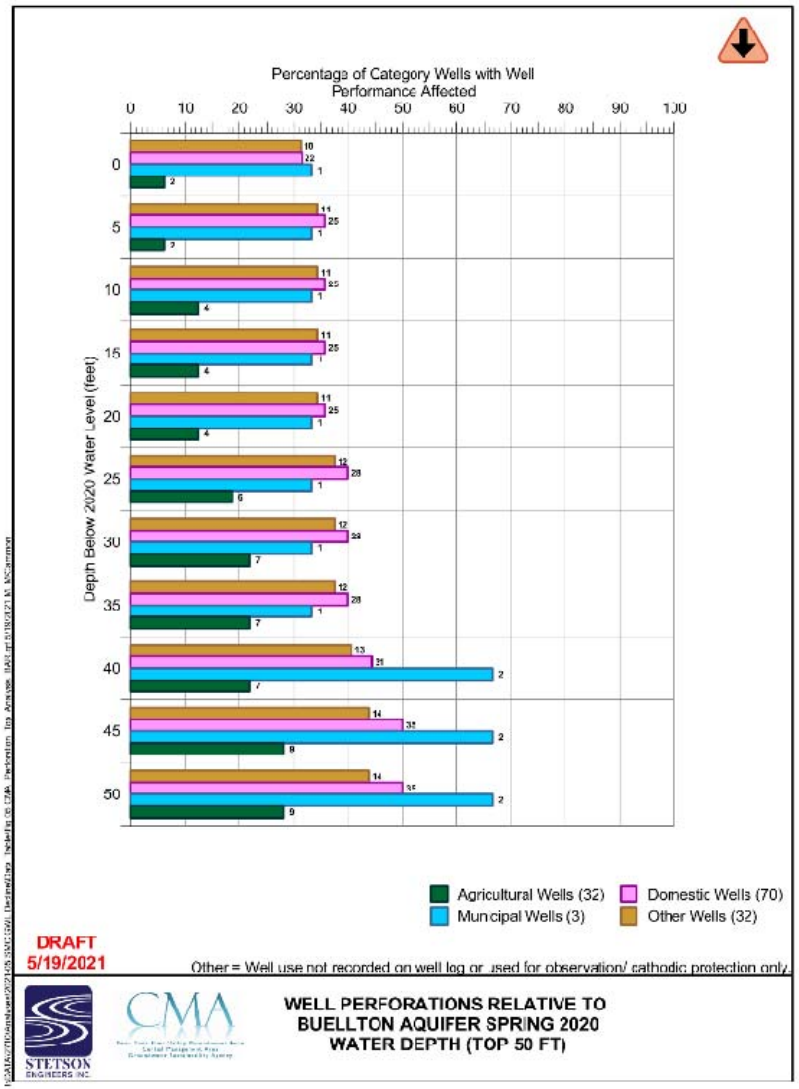


FIGURE 3a-2

- 3a.1 Monitoring Networks Objectives
- 3a.2 Existing Monitoring Networks
- 3a.3 Recommended Monitoring Networks
- 3a.4 Monitoring Protocols

Ref: 23 CCR § 354.34
23 CCR § 354.36
23 CCR § 354.38



3b. Sustainable Management Criteria

- **3b.1 Sustainability Goal**
- **3b.2 Undesirable Results**
- **3b.3 Minimum Threshold**
- **3b.4 Measurable Objectives**
- **3b.5 Effects of Sustainable Management Criteria on Neighboring Basins**

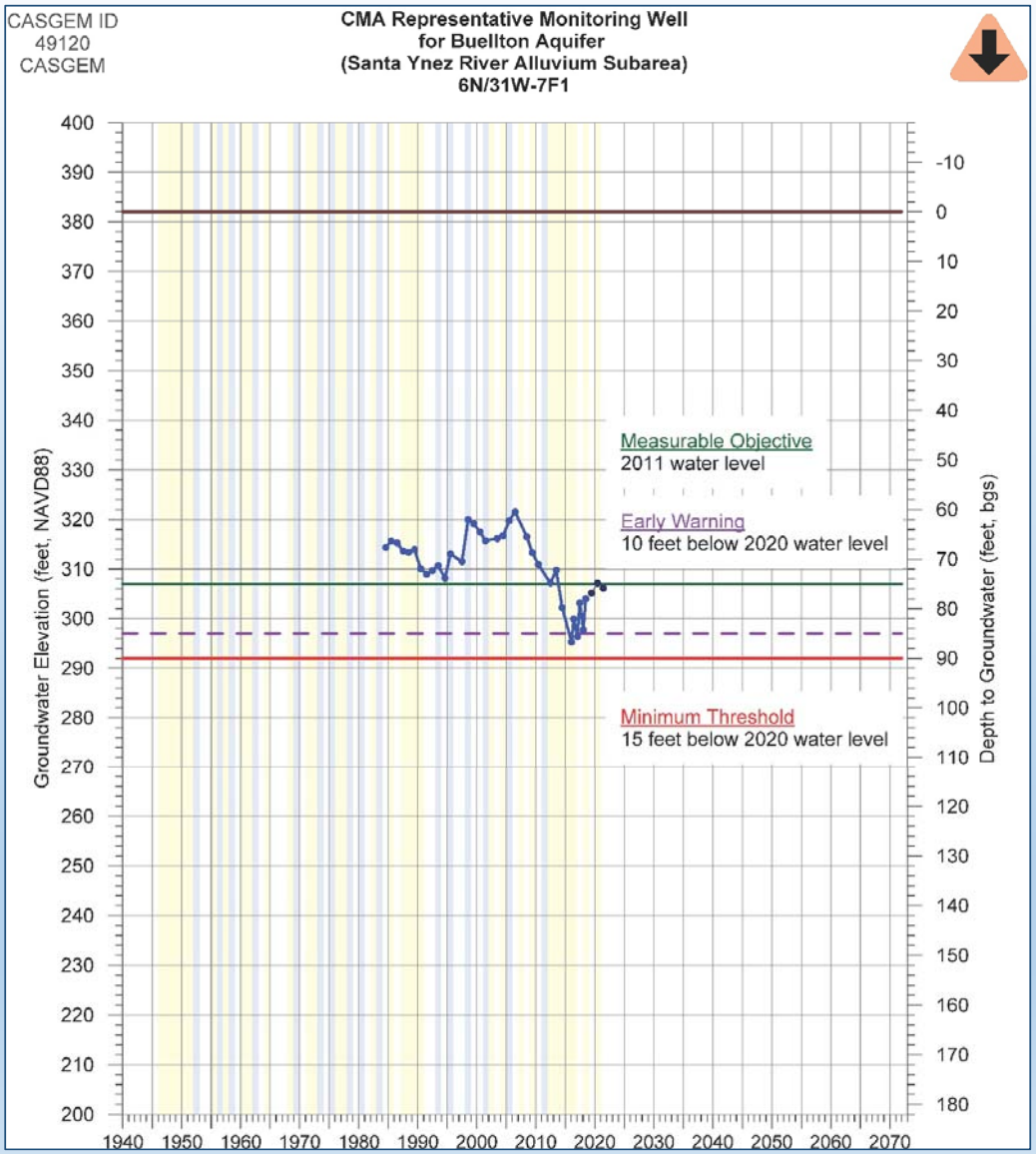
GSA Meetings:

November 2020 – SMCs Concept

January 2021 – Minimum Thresholds Concept

May 2021 – SMC Workshop

Ref: 23 CCR § 354.24
23 CCR § 354.26
23 CCR § 354.28
23 CCR § 354.30



Minimum Threshold for Groundwater Elevation

- 15’ below 2020 water level
- Protective of Domestic and Municipal Supply (see well screen analysis)
- Protective of other Sustainability Criteria by setting threshold close (<5’) to historical low water levels
- Early warning trigger of 10’ below 2020 water level to trigger early management action to avoid groundwater levels falling below minimum threshold.

Chapter 4: Project and Management Actions

Projects and Management Actions (PMAs) are items to Improve Basin Conditions depending on triggering conditions:

Detailed presentation at July 2021 GSP meeting.

Group 1: General Management PMAs
Recommend under all conditions

Group 2: Early Warning PMAs
Recommend if conditions are degrading

Group 3: Minimum Threshold PMAs
Recommend if conditions are below minimum thresholds

Group 4: Other PMAs
Additional actions the GSA could consider.

Ref: 23 CCR § 354.44

Summary of Projects and Management Actions

	Demand	Supply
Group 1	Water Conservation	Supplemental Imported Water Program
	Tiered Fees	Increased Storm Recharge/Supply
Group 2	Supplemental conditions on New Wells	Water Rights Releases Request
Group 3	Annual Pumping Allocation Plan	
	---Voluntary Fallowing Program	
Group 4	Non-native Vegetation Removal	Drought Mitigation (Deepen Existing Wells)
	Agricultural Land/ Pumping Allowance Voluntary Retirement	Recycled Water Non-potable Use
		Rainwater Harvesting

Chapter 5: Implementation

- Reporting and Updates
  - Annual Reports
  - 5-Year Updates
- Initial Implementation Actions
  - Update Well Registration
  - Require Meters for Groundwater Pumping
  - Coordination Agreement
- Ongoing Data Gap Resolutions
  - Well Measuring Point Survey
  - Well Sounding and Video Logging
  - New Monitoring Wells
  - Geophysics Data Analysis

The Way Ahead

Santa Ynez River SGMA Project Schedule	
Public Draft GSP	September 1, 2021
Public Comment Period	September 1 - October 15
GSA Meetings to discuss draft GSP	8/23/2021, 10/4/2021, 11/15/2021
Final Draft GSP to Staff	October 29, 2021
Final Draft GSP to Public	December 3, 2021
GSA Committee Adopt GSP	12/15/2021
Submit GSP to DWR on or before	January 14, 2022

Questions?

Comments can be submitted to the website:

www.santaynezwater.org